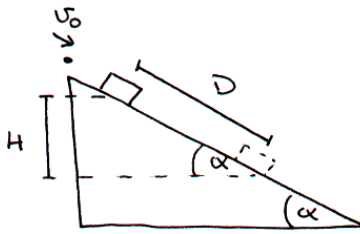
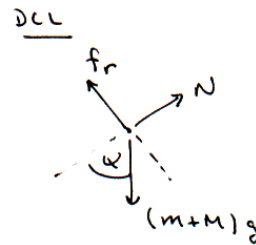


SOLUCIÓN EJERCICIO 12



$$H = D \sin \alpha$$



$$x) \quad (m+M)g \sin \alpha - f_r = (m+M)a$$

$$y) \quad N - (m+M)g \cos \alpha = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad f_r = \mu N = \mu (m+M)g \cos \alpha$$

CHOQUE COMPLETAMENTE INELÁSTICO

$$\Rightarrow \quad p_i = p_f \quad \Rightarrow \quad m v_0 = (m+M) v$$

$$v = \frac{m}{m+M} v_0$$

DESPUÉS DEL CHOQUE APLICAMOS $\Delta E = W_{roce}$

$$E_i = (m+M)gH + \frac{1}{2}(m+M)v^2 = (m+M)gD \sin \alpha + \frac{1}{2} \frac{m^2}{m+M} v_0^2$$

$$E_f = 0$$

$$W_{roce} = -f_r \cdot D = -\mu (m+M)g \cos \alpha D$$

ENTONCES

$$\Delta E = W_{roce} \Rightarrow 0 - \left[(m+M)gD \sin \alpha + \frac{1}{2} \frac{m^2}{m+M} v_0^2 \right] = -\mu (m+M)g \cos \alpha D$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{m^2}{m+M} v_0^2 = (m+M)g [\mu \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha] D$$

$$D = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{m}{m+M} \right)^2 \frac{v_0^2}{g(\mu \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha)}$$